Owl Tutors 11 + Entrance Examination

Verbal Reasoning Paper 1

Total marks: 85

Time allowed: 60 minutes

Information for parents:

This sample paper has been created for children who are embarking on the 11+ exam.

There is a big variation in the level of difficulty amongst different schools' 11+ papers and this paper is designed to reflect the standard level of entry at 11+.

Every question is worth one mark. A markscheme is provided at the end.



In these questions the **same** letter must fit into **both** sets of brackets, to complete the word in front of the brackets and begin the word after the brackets.

Example

Answer

d [cold, drab, bird, doll]

- 1. din (?) cho har (?) asy Answer:
- 2. wil (?) ram bel (?) art Answer:
- 3. win (?) oat gon (?) ale **Answer:**
- 4. sla (?) ear ba (?) ank Answer:
- 5. gus (?) rim car (?) urf Answer:
- 6. sho (?) ur vide (?) ne Answer:

In these questions, three of the five words are related in some way. Circle the **two** words that do not go with the other three.

Example

red white flag blue pole

Answer

flag pole

- 7. colon apostrophe heart kidney sentence
- 8. ball badminton score golf rounders
- 9. square semi-circle pentagon rhombus rectangle
- 10. spade diamond garnet ring opal
- 11. port sailor bow ship starboard
- 12. lock tress key curl armour

Read the following information, then find the correct answer to the question and mark its



13. Darcy is two years younger than Tom and two years older than Jamal.
Sarah is older than Lisa.
Lisa and Tom are twins.
Who is the oldest?
n each of the following sentences a four letter word is hidden between two words . The wo words will always be next to each other . Write the word you have found in the space provided.
Example
The dog was frightened by the noise.
Answer
the noise (then)
14. The new boy made friends quickly. Answer:
15. The children missed art class. Answer:
16. Mina left her purse at home. Answer:
17. Lunch was much nicer than dinner. Answer:
18. Close both eyes to sleep. Answer:
19. The gale advanced during the night. Answer:

The alphabet is here to help you with these questions. You need to work out a different code for each question. Choose the correct answer and mark it on the answer sheet.



letter on the answer sheet.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

Example

If the code for **LUCK** is **JSAI** what does **EMMB** mean?

Answer

	_	
\sim	\sim	

If the code for CRY is FUB, what does ELQ mean?
If the code for SPIDER is PMFABO , what is the code for ANT ?
If the code for GREEN is LWJJS , what is the code for ORANGE ?
If the code for TOE is SND , what does ENNS mean?
If the code for HOUSE is FMSQC what does FMRCJ mean?
If the code for BATTLE is YXQQIB what is the code for ADVANCE ?

Find **two words** from each group that are the **closest in meaning**. Mark BOTH words on the answer sheet.

Example: big small rest mean large

Answer: big, large

- 26. soft loud pointy sharp pencil
- 27. curl snap coil snake harsh
- 28. intricate rapid unusual complicated slow
- 29. quash bullet supress riffle juice
- 30. say collect permit let jump
- 31. vehicle cat rodent wheel feline In the following questions, **one letter** from the word on the left can be moved to the word on the right, to make **two new words**. The letters must not be rearranged.



Example: beacon vent
Answer: e (bacon and event)
32. cover tick Answer:
33. wing boy Answer:
34. stable rim Answer:
35. board bred Answer:
36. brain clam Answer:
37. mend thee Answer:
Find the four letter word which can be added to the letters in capitals to make a new word. The new word will complete the sentence sensibly.
Example: They enjoyed the BCAST
Answer: ROAD, creating the new word BROADCAST
38. The IST had to ask for directions in the unfamiliar city because she was lost. Answer:
39. What a strange man he is – very ECRIC! Answer:
40. My colleague will be back in a MT if you don't mind waiting.
Answer:
41. She got an especially good deal using her BARING skills.
Answer:
42. Van Gogh's DTION of the night sky tells us a lot about his state of mind.
Answer:
43. I ED to my sister to say that dinner was ready. Answer:

Letters stand for numbers. Work out the correct answer to each sum. Mark the relevant



letter on the answer sheet.

Example:

$$A = 5$$
, $B = 14$, $C = 12$, $D = 13$, $E = 3$

What is the answer to the sum, written as a letter?

$$A + C - E = ?$$

Answer: B

What is the answer to this sum written as a letter?

$$E \times A + D = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

What is the answer to this sum written as a letter?

$$B \times D \div A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

What is the answer to this sum written as a letter?

What is the answer to this sum written as a letter?

$$D \times D \times B \div E =$$

What is the answer to this sum written as a letter?

$$E \times B - C + D = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

What is the answer to this sum written as a letter?

$$D \times E \times D + A + B =$$

Find **two** words, **one** from each set of that will complete the sentence in the most sensible way. Circle **both** words (so each question will have two words as the answer).



Example: **Start** is to (begin end today) as **end** is to (less <u>finish</u> send)

Answer: begin finish

- 50. River is to (lake water sea) as field is to (farm sheep grass)
- 51. Lead is to (pencil wallet heavy) as bullet is to (metal war gun)
- 52. Raspberry is to (fruit red strawberry) as coffee is to (café drink bean)
- 53. Book is to (page library author) as clothes are to (cupboard hanger stitching)
- 54. Petal is to (love stem flower) as window is to (transparent glass house)
- 55. Mirror is to (reflection sand glass) as table is to (wood chair carpenter)

Find the number that continues the sequence in the most sensible way. Write your answer in the brackets.

Example: 2 4 6 8 10 (?)

Answer: 12

56. 6 17 28 39 50 (___)

57. 175 205 235 265 295 (___)

58. 3 5 7 13 17 (___)

59. 27 32 39 48 59 (___)

60. 256 128 64 32 16 (__)

61.1 3 9 27 81 ()

Find the word that completes the second group in the **same** way as the first group. Mark the word on the answer sheet. You will need to consider the pattern of how letters from words outside the brackets are used to make the word inside the brackets.



rags	<i>mple:</i> (ring) (?)ple			
Ansı	ver: lea	an		
62. p	oull (pla	ay) ya	ırd	
S	stay () di	SC	
	trip (d surf (
	stir sole (′
65.	curd vale	(read		ed
66.	dairy boats			aring boring
67. ·	there (

Find two words, one from each group, that make one correctly spelt word. The letters must not be rearranged. The word from the first group will always be used first. Circle two words to give your answer.



Example: (let star fruit) (tear man board)
Answer: starboard
68. (finger whole try) (sum some sun)
69. (rustle toil loo) (sing bend sir)
70. (pass bank run) (act mess age)
71. (black oval blew) (cake bird tree)
72. (low bet fat) (lye crest her)
73. (bar, post, dumb) (gin, found, sign)
The alphabet is here to help you with these questions. Find the letters that complete each sentence in the best way and write them in the space provided.
A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
Example
AB is to CD
As PQ is to (?)
Answer = RS
74. FH is to LN
As RT is to
75. MJ is to JG
As HE is to
76. AC is to ED
As KM is to
77. ZA is to YB
As XC is to
78. SQ is to VO
As XV is to

79. **IJ** is to **FH**



As	TU	is	to	

Find **two** words, one from each group, that are the **most opposite** in meaning.

Circle **both** words

Example: (good lijck today) (wish charm bad)

- 80. (dawdle, wonder, pace) (realise, rush, urge)
- 81.(go ascend bottom) (descend mountain climb)
- 82. (rigid thorough rude) (careless disappointed upset)
- 83. (arrival entrance advance) (charge punctual departure)
- 84. (keen strong accomplished) (loose unskilled mean)
- 85. (long full lean) (tiny fat messy)



- 2. t
- 3. g
- 4. y
- 5. t
- 6. o
- 7. apostrophe sentence
- 8. ball score
- 9. semi-circle pentagon
- 10. spade ring
- 11. sailor ship
- 12. key armour
- 13. Sarah
- 14. then (the new)
- 15. dart (missed art)
- 16. seat (purse at)
- 17. hand (than dinner)
- 18. they (both eyes)
- 19. lead (gale advanced)
- 20. BIN
- 21. XKQ
- 22. TWSFLJ
- 23. FOOT
- 24. HOTEL
- 25. XKSXKZB
- 26. point sharp
- 27. curl coil
- 28. intricate complicated
- 29. quash supress
- 30. let permit
- 31. feline cat
- 32. r (new words: cove trick)
- 33. n (new words: wig bony)
- 34. t (new words: sable trim)
- 35. o (new words: bard bored)
- 36. i (new words: bran claim)
- 37. m (new words: end theme)
- 38. **tour**ist
- 39. ec<u>cent</u>ric
- 40. m<u>omen</u>t
- 41. bargaining



- 42. depiction
- 43. called
- 44. B
- 45. E
- 46. D
- 47. C
- 48. A
- 49. C
- 50. water grass
- 51. pencil gun
- 52. fruit drink
- 53. library cupboard
- 54. flower house
- 55. glass wood
- 56. 61
- 57. 325
- 58. 19
- 59. 72
- 60. 8
- 61. 243
- 62. said
- 63. curl
- 64. peel
- 65. live
- 66. robot
- 67. rang
- 68. wholesome
- 69. loosing
- 70. passage
- 71. blackbird
- 72. father
- 73. dumbfound
- 74. XZ
- 75. EB
- 76. ON
- 77. WD
- 78. AT
- 79. QS
- 80. dawdle rush
- 81. ascend descend
- 82. thorough careless



- 83. arrival departure
- 84. accomplished unskilled
- 85. lean fat

