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16 Plus Examination<br>Paper 2<br>Maths<br>Total marks: [52]<br>Time allowed: [60]

## Information for candidates

- You have 60 minutes.
- There are 52 marks available.
- Calculators are allowed.
- You must show your working.

1. Name these sequences using the following types: Linear, quadratic, geometric and write the next term for each. (6 marks)
a. $3,8,13,18,23$
b. $4,16,64,256$
c. $25,27,30,34,39$
2. Here are the first five terms of another sequence.
$1,3,6,10,15$
a. Write down the next two terms of this sequence. (2 marks)
b. Explain how you found the answer. (1 mark)
c. Is 55 a term in this sequence? (1 mark)
3. Circle the decimal which is equivalent to $6 / 30$ (1 mark)
$\begin{array}{lllll}0.8 & 0.2 & 0.89 & 0.15 & 0.1\end{array}$
4. What is 7 divided by 9 to two decimal places? ( 2 marks)
5. What is the formula for the volume of a cuboid? (1 mark)
6. Factorise the following expressions (2 marks each)
a. $x^{2}+3 x-10$
b. $a^{2}-5 a-24$
c. $2 x^{2}+4 x-6$
7. In a rectangle, the numerical value of the area is greater than the numerical value of the perimeter.

The width of the rectangle is $(y-5) \mathrm{cm}$.
The height of the rectangle is 8 cm
Write an inequality and use it to find the possible values of $y$, rounding to the nearest whole number. (4 marks)
8. Using the formula for the area of a trapezium $(A=1 / 2(a+b) h)$ where $a$ and $b$ are the parallel sides and $h$ is the height)
a) Find the area of a trapezium where $\mathrm{a}=25 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~b}=23 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{h}=24 \mathrm{~cm}$
b) Find the height ( h ) when the area of the trapezium is $750 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and the parallel sides measure 16 cm and 34 cm .
c) Find the length of side $b$ where the area of the trapezium is $650 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, the height is 26 cm and side a is 30 cm .

## Total for Question 8 = 6 marks

9. a.


This is a regular polygon. Find the size of one of its interior angles. (2 marks)
b. An irregular heptagon has angles of $92^{\circ}, 85^{\circ}, 127^{\circ}, 101^{\circ}, 115^{\circ}, 111^{\circ}$ and $169^{\circ}$. Find the size of the final angle. (2 marks)
10. In the set $U$ (all quadrilaterals), $X=$ rhombuses and $Y=$ rectangles
a. Which quadrilaterals are in the set $\mathrm{X} \cap \mathrm{Y}$ ? (1 mark)
b. Name another two types of quadrilateral which is in the set $X \cup Y$. (2 marks)
11. Calculate these percentage changes
a. Increase $£ 320$ by $17 \%$
b. Decrease $£ 2.56$ by $8 \%$ (to two decimal places)
c. Decrease 86 kg by $95 \%$
12. a. What is $6500 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ?
b. What is $0.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ?
c. What is $300 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ in $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ?
13. The area of a circle is $16 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Find the radius of the circle to two decimal places. (3 marks)

14. Ed invests $£ 3000$ in a savings account. The building society adds $5 \%$ compound interest annually. Ed does not take any money out of the account for ten years, nor does he add any in.

How much is in the account after ten years (to two decimal places)? (3 marks)
15. A bag of chocolates contains 4 raspberry creams, 3 mint creams, 3 orange creams and 2 violet creams. What is the probability that a chocolate chosen as random is:
a. a violet cream
b. a lemon cream
c. a chocolate

## ANSWERS

1. a. Linear - 28
b. Geometric - 1024
c. Quadratic - 45
2. a. 21,28
b. Triangular sequence
c. Yes
3. 0.2
4. 0.78
5. length x width x height
$6 \mathrm{a} .(\mathrm{x}+5)(\mathrm{x}-2)$
b. $(a-8)(a+3)$
c. $2(x+3)(x-1)$
6. $y>8$
7. a. $576 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ b. 15 cm c. 20 cm
8. a. $135^{\circ}$
b. $100^{\circ}$
9. a. squares
b. kite, parallelogram.
10. a. $£ 374.40$
b. $£ 2.36$
c. 4.3 kg
11. $65 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
b. $5000 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
c. $30000 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
12. 2.26 cm
13. $£ 4886.68$
14. a. $1 / 6$
b. 0
c. 1
